

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 28, 2023
or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 001-08897

BIG LOTS, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio 06-1119097
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4900 E. Dublin-Granville Road, Columbus, Ohio 43081
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(614) 278-6800
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common shares	BIG	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes☒ No☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes☒ No☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer,” “smaller reporting company,” and “emerging growth company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☒ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐ Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The number of the registrant’s common shares, \$0.01 par value, outstanding as of December 1, 2023, was 29,216,556.

BIG LOTS, INC.
FORM 10-Q
FOR THE FISCAL QUARTER ENDED OCTOBER 28, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
<u>Part I. Financial Information</u>	<u>2</u>
Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)	2
a) Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Thirteen and Thirty-nine Weeks Ended October 28, 2023 and October 29, 2022	2
b) Consolidated Balance Sheets at October 28, 2023 and January 28, 2023	3
c) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the Thirteen and Thirty-nine Weeks Ended October 28, 2023 and October 29, 2022	4
d) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Thirty-nine Weeks Ended October 28, 2023 and October 29, 2022	5
e) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	17
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	27
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	27
<u>Part II. Other Information</u>	<u>27</u>
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	27
Item 1A. Risk Factors	27
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities, Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	28
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities	28
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures	28
Item 5. Other Information	28
Item 6. Exhibits	29
Signature	30

Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

BIG LOTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Thirty-nine Weeks Ended	
	October 28, 2023	October 29, 2022	October 28, 2023	October 29, 2022
Net sales	\$ 1,026,677	\$ 1,204,281	\$ 3,289,615	\$ 3,925,216
Cost of sales (exclusive of depreciation expense shown separately below)	652,862	794,821	2,147,447	2,572,614
Gross margin	373,815	409,460	1,142,168	1,352,602
Selling and administrative expenses	525,730	503,016	1,606,678	1,495,848
Depreciation expense	33,122	37,255	110,986	111,808
Gain on sale of real estate	(204,719)	—	(211,912)	(1,609)
Operating income (loss)	19,682	(130,811)	(363,584)	(253,445)
Interest expense	(13,592)	(6,256)	(33,916)	(12,910)
Other income (expense)	—	62	5	1,359
Income (loss) before income taxes	6,090	(137,005)	(397,495)	(264,996)
Income tax expense (benefit)	1,347	(33,992)	53,672	(66,751)
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 4,743	\$ (103,013)	\$ (451,167)	\$ (198,245)
Earnings (loss) per common share				
Basic	\$ 0.16	\$ (3.56)	\$ (15.49)	\$ (6.88)
Diluted	\$ 0.16	\$ (3.56)	\$ (15.49)	\$ (6.88)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding				
Basic	29,204	28,943	29,132	28,828
Dilutive effect of share-based awards	96	—	—	—
Diluted	29,300	28,943	29,132	28,828
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ —	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.90

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BIG LOTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)
(In thousands, except par value)

	October 28, 2023	January 28, 2023
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46,594	\$ 44,730
Inventories	1,177,346	1,147,949
Other current assets	89,747	92,635
Total current assets	1,313,687	1,285,314
Operating lease right-of-use assets	1,695,005	1,619,756
Property and equipment - net	578,543	691,111
Deferred income taxes	—	56,301
Other assets	38,254	38,449
Total assets	\$ 3,625,489	\$ 3,690,931
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 408,273	\$ 421,680
Current operating lease liabilities	237,098	252,320
Property, payroll, and other taxes	77,194	71,274
Accrued operating expenses	119,703	111,752
Insurance reserves	35,187	35,871
Accrued salaries and wages	33,809	26,112
Income taxes payable	912	845
Total current liabilities	912,176	919,854
Long-term debt	533,000	301,400
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities	1,674,314	1,514,009
Deferred income taxes	1,310	—
Insurance reserves	57,277	58,613
Unrecognized tax benefits	8,604	8,091
Other liabilities	125,605	125,057
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred shares - authorized 2,000 shares; \$0.01 par value; none issued	—	—
Common shares - authorized 298,000 shares; \$0.01 par value; issued 117,495 shares; outstanding 29,215 shares and 28,959 shares, respectively	1,175	1,175
Treasury shares - 88,280 shares and 88,536 shares, respectively, at cost	(3,092,464)	(3,105,175)
Additional paid-in capital	623,038	627,714
Retained earnings	2,781,454	3,240,193
Total shareholders' equity	313,203	763,907
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 3,625,489	\$ 3,690,931

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BIG LOTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Common		Treasury		Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Thirteen Weeks Ended October 29, 2022							
Balance - July 30, 2022	28,932	\$ 1,175	88,563	\$ (3,106,360)	\$ 621,925	\$ 3,373,987	\$ 890,727
Comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	(103,013)	(103,013)
Dividends declared (\$0.30 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	(9,196)	(9,196)
Purchases of common shares	(9)	—	9	(190)	—	—	(190)
Restricted shares vested	20	—	(20)	718	(718)	—	—
Performance shares vested	6	—	(6)	215	(215)	—	—
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	3,902	—	3,902
Balance - October 29, 2022	28,949	\$ 1,175	88,546	\$ (3,105,617)	\$ 624,894	\$ 3,261,778	\$ 782,230
Thirty-nine Weeks Ended October 29, 2022							
Balance - January 29, 2022	28,476	\$ 1,175	89,019	\$ (3,121,602)	\$ 640,522	\$ 3,487,268	\$ 1,007,363
Comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	(198,245)	(198,245)
Dividends declared (\$0.90 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	(27,245)	(27,245)
Purchases of common shares	(298)	—	298	(11,070)	—	—	(11,070)
Restricted shares vested	424	—	(424)	14,888	(14,888)	—	—
Performance shares vested	347	—	(347)	12,167	(12,167)	—	—
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	11,427	—	11,427
Balance - October 29, 2022	28,949	\$ 1,175	88,546	\$ (3,105,617)	\$ 624,894	\$ 3,261,778	\$ 782,230
Thirteen Weeks Ended October 28, 2023							
Balance - July 29, 2023	29,192	\$ 1,175	88,303	\$ (3,093,779)	\$ 623,347	\$ 2,775,286	\$ 306,029
Comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	4,743	4,743
Dividends declared (\$0.00 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	1,425	1,425
Purchases of common shares	(17)	—	17	(96)	—	—	(96)
Restricted shares vested	40	—	(40)	1,411	(1,411)	—	—
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	1,102	—	1,102
Balance - October 28, 2023	29,215	\$ 1,175	88,280	\$ (3,092,464)	\$ 623,038	\$ 2,781,454	\$ 313,203
Thirty-nine Weeks Ended October 28, 2023							
Balance - January 28, 2023	28,959	\$ 1,175	88,536	\$ (3,105,175)	\$ 627,714	\$ 3,240,193	\$ 763,907
Comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	(451,167)	(451,167)
Dividends declared (\$0.30 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	(7,572)	(7,572)
Purchases of common shares	(151)	—	151	(1,562)	—	—	(1,562)
Restricted shares vested	407	—	(407)	14,273	(14,273)	—	—
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	9,597	—	9,597
Balance - October 28, 2023	29,215	\$ 1,175	88,280	\$ (3,092,464)	\$ 623,038	\$ 2,781,454	\$ 313,203

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BIG LOTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Thirty-nine Weeks Ended	
	October 28, 2023	October 29, 2022
Operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (451,167)	\$ (198,245)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	112,880	112,818
Non-cash lease expense	231,001	205,481
Deferred income taxes	57,611	(64,402)
Non-cash impairment charge	138,858	46,051
Gain on disposition of property and equipment	(210,633)	(1,492)
Non-cash share-based compensation expense	9,597	11,427
Unrealized gain on fuel derivatives	—	285
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Inventories	(29,397)	(107,483)
Accounts payable	(13,407)	(105,717)
Operating lease liabilities	(269,783)	(191,211)
Current income taxes	6,012	17,516
Other current assets	881	5,853
Other current liabilities	21,960	(5,530)
Other assets	(1,882)	857
Other liabilities	(1,663)	(5,247)
Net cash used in operating activities	(399,132)	(279,039)
Investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(45,004)	(127,355)
Cash proceeds from sale of property and equipment	339,347	2,521
Other	(20)	(17)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	294,323	(124,851)
Financing activities:		
Net proceeds from long-term debt	231,600	456,400
Net repayments of sale and leaseback financing	(2,318)	—
Repayment of failed sale-leaseback liability	(100,316)	—
Payment of finance lease obligations	(1,621)	(1,383)
Dividends paid	(9,786)	(28,263)
Payments for other financing liabilities	(9,324)	—
Payment for treasury shares acquired	(1,562)	(11,070)
Payment for debt issuance cost	—	(3,378)
Net cash provided by financing activities	106,673	412,306
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,864	8,416
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of period	44,730	53,722
End of period	\$ 46,594	\$ 62,138

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

BIG LOTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

All references in this report to “we,” “us,” or “our” are to Big Lots, Inc. and its subsidiaries. We are a home discount retailer in the United States (“U.S.”). At October 28, 2023, we operated 1,428 stores in 48 states and an e-commerce platform. We make available, free of charge, through the “Investor Relations” section of our website (www.biglots.com) under the “SEC Filings” caption, our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (“Exchange Act”), as soon as reasonably practicable after we file such material with, or furnish it to, the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). The contents of our websites are not part of this report.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements and these notes have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC for interim financial information. The consolidated financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments which management believes are necessary to present fairly our financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows for all periods presented. The consolidated financial statements, however, do not include all information necessary for a complete presentation of financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”). Interim results may not necessarily be indicative of results that may be expected for, or actually result during, any other interim period or for the year as a whole. We have historically experienced seasonal fluctuations, with a larger percentage of our net sales and operating profit realized in our fourth fiscal quarter. The accompanying consolidated financial statements and these notes should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 28, 2023 (“2022 Form 10-K”).

Fiscal Periods

Our fiscal year ends on the Saturday nearest to January 31, which results in fiscal years consisting of 52 or 53 weeks. Unless otherwise stated, references to years in this report relate to fiscal years rather than calendar years. Fiscal year 2023 (“2023”) is comprised of the 53 weeks that began on January 29, 2023 and will end on February 3, 2024. Fiscal year 2022 (“2022”) was comprised of the 52 weeks that began on January 30, 2022 and ended on January 28, 2023. The fiscal quarters ended October 28, 2023 (“third quarter of 2023”) and October 29, 2022 (“third quarter of 2022”) were both comprised of 13 weeks. The year-to-date periods ended October 28, 2023 (“year-to-date 2023”) and October 29, 2022 (“year-to-date 2022”) were both comprised of 39 weeks.

Long-Lived Assets

Our long-lived assets primarily consist of property and equipment - net and operating lease right-of-use assets. If the net book value of a store’s long-lived assets is not recoverable by the expected undiscounted future cash flows of the store, we estimate the fair value of the store’s assets and recognize an impairment charge for the excess net book value of the store’s long-lived assets over its fair value (categorized as Level 3 under the fair value hierarchy). Fair value at the store level is typically based on projected discounted cash flows over the remaining lease term.

During the third quarter of 2023, the Company recorded aggregate asset impairment charges of \$54.0 million related to 171 store locations, which were comprised of \$47.3 million of operating lease right-of-use assets and \$8.0 million of property and equipment - net, partially offset by gains on extinguishment of lease liabilities from lease cancellations of previously impaired stores of \$1.3 million. The asset impairment charges included \$26.3 million of aggregate asset impairment charges related to nine previously owned stores that were included in a sale and leaseback transaction completed in the third quarter of 2023 resulting from the addition of lease expense to the future cash flows of these stores. As a result of this additional lease expense, the cash flows of each of these stores were no longer sufficient to recover the store’s assets. The net proceeds received in the sale and leaseback transactions for these stores were excluded from the future cash flows used in the aforementioned impairment evaluation in accordance with GAAP. For more information on the sale and leaseback transactions see [Note 10 - Gain on Sale of Real Estate](#). In the third quarter of 2022, the Company recorded aggregate asset impairment charges of \$21.7 million related to 86 store locations, which were comprised of \$16.3 million of operating lease right-of-use assets and \$5.4 million of property and equipment - net.

In the year-to-date 2023, the Company recorded aggregate asset impairment charges of \$136.9 million related to 332 store locations, which were comprised of \$109.4 million of operating lease right-of-use assets and \$30.3 million of property and equipment - net, partially offset by gains on extinguishment of lease liabilities from lease cancellations from previously impaired stores of \$2.8 million. In the year-to-date 2022, the Company recorded aggregate asset impairment charges of \$45.8

million related to 104 store locations, which were comprised of \$33.8 million of operating lease right-of-use assets and \$12.0 million of property and equipment - net. The impairment charges for 2022 and 2023 were recorded in selling and administrative expenses in our accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

During the third quarter of 2023, the Company completed sale and leaseback transactions for our Apple Valley, CA distribution center (“AVDC”) and 23 owned store locations with an aggregate net book value of \$123.1 million. For more information related to the cash proceeds, expenses and gain on the sale and leaseback transactions, see [Note 10 - Gain on Sale of Real Estate](#).

In the year-to-date 2023, separate from the aforementioned sale and leaseback transactions noted above, the Company completed the sale of two owned store locations that were classified as held for sale at the end of fiscal 2022 with an aggregate net book value of \$2.2 million. The net cash proceeds on the sale of real estate were \$9.3 million and resulted in a gain after related expenses of \$7.1 million, which was recorded in gain on sale of real estate in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

Selling and Administrative Expenses

Selling and administrative expenses include store expenses (such as payroll and occupancy costs) and costs related to warehousing, distribution, outbound transportation to our stores, advertising, purchasing, insurance, non-income taxes, accepting credit/debit cards, impairment charges, and overhead. Our selling and administrative expense rates may not be comparable to those of other retailers that include warehousing, distribution, and outbound transportation costs to stores in cost of sales. Distribution and outbound transportation costs included in selling and administrative expenses were \$73.7 million and \$81.8 million for the third quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2022, respectively, and \$277.7 million and \$245.8 million for the year-to-date 2023 and the year-to-date 2022, respectively. Included in our distribution and outbound transportation costs for the third quarter of 2023 were \$2.8 million of closing costs associated with the closure of our forward distribution centers (“FDCs”). In the year-to-date 2023, we recognized \$13.4 million of FDC closing costs and \$53.6 million of costs related to the exit from our Prior Synthetic Lease (as defined below in [Note 3 - Synthetic Lease](#)). As of the end of the third quarter of 2023, we have ceased all business operations at our four FDCs and subleased our McDonough, GA and Merrillville, IN FDC locations. We are actively marketing the remaining two FDC locations for sublease.

Advertising Expense

Advertising costs, which are expensed as incurred, consist primarily of television and print advertising, digital, social media, internet and e-mail marketing and advertising, payment card-linked marketing and in-store point-of-purchase signage and presentations. Advertising expenses are included in selling and administrative expenses. Advertising expenses were \$17.9 million and \$20.9 million for the third quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2022, respectively, and \$62.2 million and \$64.3 million for the year-to-date 2023 and the year-to-date 2022, respectively.

Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosures

The following table provides supplemental cash flow information for the year-to-date 2023 and the year-to-date 2022:

(In thousands)	Thirty-nine Weeks Ended	
	October 28, 2023	October 29, 2022
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 32,339	\$ 14,213
Cash paid for income taxes, excluding impact of refunds	1,302	4,283
Gross proceeds from long-term debt	1,367,000	1,877,700
Gross payments of long-term debt	1,135,400	1,421,300
Cash paid for operating lease liabilities	377,819	276,919
Non-cash activity:		
Assets acquired under finance lease	7,828	3,859
Accrued property and equipment	14,295	26,210
Deemed acquisition in “failed sale-leaseback transaction”	100,000	—
Operating lease assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	346,253	200,669
Valuation allowance on deferred tax assets	145,843	—

Reclassifications

We periodically assess, and make minor adjustments to, our product hierarchy, which can impact the roll-up of our merchandise categories. Our financial reporting process utilizes the most current product hierarchy in reporting net sales by merchandise category for all periods presented. Therefore, there may be minor reclassifications of net sales by merchandise category compared to previously reported amounts.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2022, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2022-04, Enhanced Disclosures about the Supplier Finance Programs. ASU 2022-04 requires buyers in supplier finance programs to disclose qualitative and quantitative information about their supplier finance programs. Interim and annual requirements include disclosure of outstanding amounts under the obligations as of the end of the reporting period, and annual requirements include a rollforward of those obligations for the annual reporting period, as well as a description of payment and other key terms of the programs. The Company adopted this ASU in fiscal year 2023, except for the disclosure of rollforward activity, which is effective on a prospective basis beginning in fiscal year 2024. See [Note 9 - Supplier Finance Program](#) for disclosure related to the Company’s supplier financing program obligations.

There are currently no additional new accounting pronouncements with a future effective date that are of significance, or potential significance, to us.

NOTE 2 – DEBT***Bank Credit Facility***

On September 21, 2022, we entered into a five-year asset-based revolving credit facility (“2022 Credit Agreement”) in an aggregate committed amount of up to \$900 million (the “Commitments”) that expires on September 21, 2027. In connection with our entry into the 2022 Credit Agreement, we paid bank fees and other expenses in the aggregate amount of \$3.4 million, which are being amortized over the term of the 2022 Credit Agreement.

Revolving loans under the 2022 Credit Agreement are available in an aggregate amount equal to the lesser of (1) the aggregate Commitments and (2) a borrowing base consisting of eligible credit card receivables and eligible inventory (including in-transit inventory), subject to customary exceptions and reserves. Under the 2022 Credit Agreement, we may obtain additional Commitments on no more than five occasions in an aggregate amount of up to \$300 million, subject to agreement by the lenders to increase their respective Commitments and certain other conditions. The 2022 Credit Agreement includes a swing loan sublimit of 10% of the then applicable aggregate Commitments and a \$90 million letter of credit sublimit. Loans made under the 2022 Credit Agreement may be prepaid without penalty. Borrowings under the 2022 Credit Agreement are available for general corporate purposes, working capital and to repay certain of our indebtedness as of closing. Our obligations under the 2022 Credit Agreement are secured by our working capital assets (including inventory, credit card receivables and other accounts receivable, deposit accounts, and cash), subject to customary exceptions. The pricing and certain fees under the 2022 Credit Agreement fluctuate based on our borrowing availability under the 2022 Credit Agreement. The 2022 Credit Agreement allows us to select our interest rate for each borrowing from multiple interest rate options. The interest rate options are generally derived from the prime rate, adjusted daily simple SOFR or one, three or six month adjusted Term SOFR. We will also pay an unused commitment fee of 0.20% per annum on the unused Commitments. The 2022 Credit Agreement contains an environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) provision, which may provide favorable pricing and fee adjustments if we meet ESG performance criteria to be established by a future amendment to the 2022 Credit Agreement.

The 2022 Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants (including, where applicable, restrictions on our ability to, among other things, incur additional indebtedness, pay dividends, redeem or repurchase stock, prepay certain indebtedness, make certain loans and investments, dispose of assets, enter into restrictive agreements, engage in transactions with affiliates, modify organizational documents, incur liens and consummate mergers and other fundamental changes) and events of default. In addition, the 2022 Credit Agreement requires us to maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than 1.0 if (1) certain events of default occur and continue or (2) borrowing availability under the 2022 Credit Agreement is less than the greater of (a) 10% of the Maximum Credit Amount (as defined in the 2022 Credit Agreement) or (b) \$67.5 million. A violation of these covenants could result in a default under the 2022 Credit Agreement which could permit the lenders to restrict our ability to further access the 2022 Credit Agreement for loans and letters of credit and require the immediate repayment of any outstanding loans under the 2022 Credit Agreement. As of October 28, 2023, the fixed charge coverage ratio was not applicable under the 2022 Credit Agreement.

As of October 28, 2023, we had a Borrowing Base (as defined under the 2022 Credit Agreement) of \$870.5 million under the 2022 Credit Agreement. At October 28, 2023, we had \$533.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the 2022 Credit Agreement and \$38.9 million committed to outstanding letters of credit, leaving \$298.6 million available under the 2022 Credit

Agreement, subject to certain borrowing base limitations as further discussed above. At October 28, 2023, we had \$211.5 million available under the 2022 Credit Agreement, net of the borrowing base limitations discussed above.

The fair values of our long-term obligations under the 2022 Credit Agreement are estimated based on quoted market prices for the same or similar issues and the current interest rates offered for similar instruments. These fair value measurements are classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy. We believe the carrying value of our debt is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Secured Insurance Premium Financing Obligation

In the second quarter of 2023, we entered into three individual financing agreements (“2023 Term Notes”) in an aggregate amount of \$16.2 million, which are secured by unearned prepaid insurance premiums. The 2023 Term Notes will expire between January 2024 and May 2024. We are required to make monthly payments over the term of the 2023 Term Notes and are permitted to prepay, subject to penalties, at any time. The 2023 Term Notes carry annual interest rates ranging from 7.1% to 8.5%. The Company did not receive any cash in connection with its entry into the 2023 Term Notes.

Debt was recorded in our consolidated balance sheets as follows:

Instrument (In thousands)	October 28, 2023	January 28, 2023
2022 Credit Agreement	\$ 533,000	\$ 301,400
2023 Term Notes	7,010	—
Total debt	\$ 540,010	\$ 301,400
Less current portion of 2023 Term Notes (included in Accrued operating expenses)	(7,010)	—
Long-term debt	\$ 533,000	\$ 301,400

NOTE 3 – SYNTHETIC LEASE

Synthetic Lease

The 2023 Synthetic Lease related to our Apple Valley, CA distribution center was terminated and paid off on August 25, 2023 in connection with the closing of the sale and leaseback transactions described in more detail in [Note 10](#) - *Gain on Sale of Real Estate*.

On March 15, 2023, AVDC, LLC (“Lessee”), a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of the Company, Bankers Commercial Corporation (“Lessor”), the rent assignees parties thereto (“Rent Assignees” and, together with Lessor, “Participants”), MUFG Bank, Ltd., as collateral agent for the Rent Assignees (in such capacity, “Collateral Agent”), and MUFG Bank, Ltd., as administrative agent for the Participants, entered into a Participation Agreement (the “Participation Agreement”), pursuant to which the Participants funded \$100 million to Wachovia Service Corporation (“Prior Lessor”) to finance Lessor’s purchase of the land and building related to our Apple Valley, CA distribution center (“Leased Property”) from the Prior Lessor.

Also on March 15, 2023, we entered into a Lease Agreement and supplement to the Lease Agreement (collectively, the “Lease” and together with the Participation Agreement and related agreements, the “2023 Synthetic Lease”) pursuant to which the Lessor will lease the Leased Property to Lessee for an initial term of 60 months. The Lease could have been extended for up to an additional five years, in one-year or longer annual periods, with each renewal subject to approval by the Participants. The 2023 Synthetic Lease required Lessee to pay basic rent on the scheduled payment dates in arrears in an amount equal to (a) a per annum rate equal to Term SOFR for the applicable payment period plus a 10 basis point spread adjustment plus an applicable margin equal to 250 basis points multiplied by (b) the portion of the lease balance not constituting the investment by Lessor in the Leased Property. In addition to basic rent, Lessee was required to pay all costs and expenses associated with the use or occupancy of the Leased Property, including without limitation, maintenance, insurance and certain indemnity payments. GAAP treatment of the synthetic lease refinancing transaction required us to treat the assignment of the purchase option from Prior Lessor to Lessor as a deemed acquisition of the Leased Property due to the Company’s control of the Leased Property under GAAP at the time the assigned purchase option was exercised. Accordingly, the Company applied sale and leaseback accounting to the transfer of the property from the Prior Lessor to the Lessor. The transaction met the criteria of a “failed sale-leaseback” under GAAP, which required us to record an asset for the deemed acquisition and an equivalent financing liability that represents the cost to acquire the Leased Property.

Concurrently with Lessor’s purchase of the Leased Property from Prior Lessor, the participation agreement and lease agreement associated with our former synthetic lease arrangement, in each case entered into on November 30, 2017, and most recently

amended on September 21, 2022 (the “Prior Synthetic Lease”), were terminated effective on March 15, 2023. In connection with the termination of the Prior Synthetic Lease, the Company paid a termination fee of approximately \$53.4 million to Prior Lessor using borrowings under the 2022 Credit Agreement. As a result of the termination of the Prior Synthetic Lease, the borrowing base under the 2022 Credit Agreement is no longer subject to a reserve for the outstanding balance under the Prior Synthetic Lease.

NOTE 4 – SHAREHOLDERS’ EQUITY

Earnings per Share

No adjustments were required to be made to the weighted-average common shares outstanding for purposes of computing basic and diluted earnings per share for all periods presented. At October 28, 2023, performance share units that vest based on relative total shareholder return (“TSR PSUs” - see [Note 5 - Share Based Plans](#) for a more detailed description of these awards), shareholder value creation awards (“SVCA PSUs” - see [Note 5 - Share Based Plans](#) for a more detailed description of these awards), and certain restricted stock units (“RSUs”) with a minimum performance requirement (see [Note 5 - Share Based Plans](#) for a more detailed description of these awards) were excluded from our computation of earnings (loss) per share because the minimum applicable performance conditions had not been attained. Antidilutive RSUs, performance share units (“PSUs”), SVCA PSUs, and TSR PSUs are excluded from the calculation because they decrease the number of diluted shares outstanding under the treasury stock method. The aggregate number of RSUs, PSUs, SVCA PSUs, and TSR PSUs that were antidilutive, as determined under the treasury stock method, was 1.5 million and 0.6 million for the third quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2022, respectively, and 1.3 million and 0.4 million for the year-to-date 2023 and the year-to-date 2022, respectively. Due to the net loss recorded in the consolidated statements of operations, any potentially dilutive shares were excluded from the denominator in computing diluted earnings (loss) per common share for the year-to-date 2023, the third quarter of 2022, and the year-to-date 2022.

Share Repurchase Programs

On December 1, 2021, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$250 million of our common shares (“2021 Repurchase Authorization”). Pursuant to the 2021 Repurchase Authorization, we may repurchase shares in the open market and/or in privately negotiated transactions at our discretion, subject to market conditions, our compliance with the terms of the 2022 Credit Agreement, and other factors. The 2021 Repurchase Authorization has no scheduled termination date. In the third quarter of 2023, third quarter of 2022, the year-to-date 2023, and the year-to-date 2022, no shares were repurchased under the 2021 Repurchase Authorization. As of October 28, 2023, we had \$159.4 million available for future repurchases under the 2021 Repurchase Authorization.

Purchases of common shares reported in the consolidated statements of shareholders’ equity include shares acquired to satisfy income tax withholdings associated with the vesting of share-based awards.

Dividends

The Company declared and paid cash dividends per common share during the quarterly periods presented as follows:

	Dividends Per Share	Amount Declared	Amount Paid
2023:		<i>(In thousands)</i>	<i>(In thousands)</i>
First quarter	\$ 0.30	\$ 9,116	\$ 9,587
Second quarter	—	(119)	153
Third quarter	—	(1,425)	46
Total	\$ 0.30	\$ 7,572	\$ 9,786

The amount of dividends declared may vary from the amount of dividends paid in a period due to the vesting of share-based awards. Furthermore, dividends declared may fluctuate on a periodic basis due to the forfeiture of unpaid dividends associated with unvested share-based awards. On May 23, 2023, our Board of Directors suspended the Company’s quarterly cash dividend. The payment of any future dividends will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, compliance with applicable laws and agreements and any other factors deemed relevant by our Board of Directors.

NOTE 5 – SHARE-BASED PLANS

We have issued RSUs, PSUs, SVCA PSUs, and TSR PSUs under our shareholder-approved equity compensation plans. We recognized share-based compensation expense of \$1.1 million and \$3.9 million in the third quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2022, respectively, and \$9.6 million and \$11.4 million for the year-to-date 2023 and the year-to-date 2022, respectively.

Non-vested Restricted Stock Units

The following table summarizes the non-vested RSU activity for the year-to-date 2023:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value Per Share
Outstanding non-vested RSUs at January 28, 2023	875,503	\$ 34.75
Granted	1,354,505	\$ 13.40
Vested	(308,051)	\$ 29.28
Forfeited	(45,949)	\$ 29.99
Outstanding non-vested RSUs at April 29, 2023	1,876,008	\$ 20.35
Granted	228,662	\$ 8.71
Vested	(58,823)	\$ 31.28
Forfeited	(63,066)	\$ 20.12
Outstanding non-vested RSUs at July 29, 2023	1,982,781	\$ 18.68
Granted	49,973	\$ 6.10
Vested	(40,266)	\$ 24.38
Forfeited	(133,260)	\$ 19.03
Outstanding non-vested RSUs at October 28, 2023	1,859,228	\$ 18.19

The non-vested RSUs granted in the year-to-date 2023 generally vest, and are expensed, on a ratable basis over three years from the grant date of the award, if the grantee remains employed by us through the vesting dates. The RSUs granted in 2023 have no required financial performance objectives. At October 28, 2023, we estimate the attainment of the financial performance objective associated with certain RSUs granted in 2022 will fall below the minimum required performance threshold. Therefore, in the third quarter of 2023, the Company reversed \$2.6 million of previously recorded expense associated with the aforementioned 2022 RSUs.

Non-vested Restricted Stock Units Granted to Non-Employee Directors

In the second quarter of 2023, 46,937 common shares underlying the restricted stock units granted in 2022 to the non-employee directors vested on the trading day immediately preceding our 2023 Annual Meeting of Shareholders (“2023 Annual Meeting”). These units were part of the annual compensation of the non-employee directors of the Board. In the second quarter of 2023, the chairman of our Board received an annual restricted stock unit grant having a grant date fair value of approximately \$245,000 and the remaining non-employees elected to our Board at our 2023 Annual Meeting each received an annual restricted stock unit grant having a grant date fair value of approximately \$145,000. The 2023 restricted stock units will vest on the earlier of (1) the trading day immediately preceding our 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareholders, or (2) the non-employee director’s death or disability. However, the non-employee directors will forfeit their restricted stock units if their service on the Board terminates before either vesting event occurs.

Performance Share Units

In the year-to-date 2023, we issued PSUs to certain members of management, which will vest if minimum financial performance objectives are achieved over a three-year performance period and the grantee remains employed by us during the performance period. The financial performance objectives will be established for each fiscal year within the three-year performance period and are generally approved by the Human Capital and Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors (the “Committee”) during the first quarter of the respective fiscal year. In the third quarter of 2023, the Committee established the financial performance objectives for the 2023 fiscal year which apply to the 2021 PSU awards, 2022 PSU awards, and 2023 PSU awards.

The 2023 PSU awards were issued with three distinct annual financial performance objectives, or three tranches. The annual financial performance objectives for the fiscal years 2024 and 2025, the second and third tranches, are expected to be established at the beginning of each of the respective fiscal years. As a result of the process used to establish the financial performance objectives, we will meet the requirements for establishing a grant date for the second and third tranches of 2023 PSUs when we communicate the financial performance objectives for each respective tranche to the award recipients, which will then trigger the service inception date, the fair value of the awards, and the associated expense recognition period. If we meet the applicable threshold financial performance objectives for any of the three tranches and the grantee remains employed by us through the end of the performance period, the PSUs will vest on the first trading day after we file our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the last fiscal year in the three-year performance period.

The number of shares distributed upon vesting of the 2023 PSUs depends on the average performance attained during the three-year performance period compared to the financial performance objectives established by the Committee, and may result in the distribution of an amount of shares that is equal to or less than the number of 2023 PSUs granted.

In 2021 and 2022, we issued PSUs to certain members of management, which will vest if certain financial performance objectives are achieved over a three-year performance period and the grantee remains employed by us during the performance period. The financial performance objectives for each fiscal year within the three-year performance period are generally approved by the Committee during the first quarter of the respective fiscal year.

As a result of the process used to establish the financial performance objectives, we will only meet the requirements for establishing a grant date for PSUs issued in 2021 and 2022 when we communicate the financial performance objectives for the third fiscal year of the award to the award recipients, which will then trigger the service inception date, the fair value of the awards, and the associated expense recognition period. If we meet the applicable threshold financial performance objectives over the three-year performance period and the grantee remains employed by us through the end of the performance period, the PSUs will vest on the first trading day after we file our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the last fiscal year in the performance period. As noted above, the financial performance objectives for 2023 were established in the third quarter of 2023, which resulted in the establishment of the service inception date, the fair value of the awards, and the associated expense recognition period for the 2021 PSUs.

The number of shares distributed upon vesting of the 2021 PSUs and the 2022 PSUs depends on the average performance attained during the three-year performance period compared to the financial performance objectives established by the Committee, and may result in the distribution of an amount of shares that is greater or less than the number of 2021 and 2022 PSUs granted, as defined in the award agreement.

In 2022 and the year-to-date 2023, we also awarded TSR PSUs to certain members of management, which vest based on the achievement of total shareholder return ("TSR") targets relative to a peer group over a three-year performance period and require the grantee to remain employed by us through the end of the performance period. If we meet the applicable performance thresholds over the three-year performance period and the grantee remains employed by us through the end of the performance period, the TSR PSUs will vest on the first trading day after we file our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the last fiscal year in the performance period. We use a Monte Carlo simulation to estimate the fair value of the TSR PSUs on the grant date and recognize expense over the service period. The TSR PSUs have a contractual period of three years.

The number of shares distributed upon vesting of the TSR PSUs depends on the average performance attained during the three-year performance period compared to the performance targets established by the Human Capital and Compensation Committee, and may result in the distribution of an amount of shares that is greater or less than the number of TSR PSUs granted, as defined in the award agreement.

In the year-to-date 2023, we also awarded SVCA PSUs to certain members of management, which vest based on the achievement of multiple share price performance goals over a three-year contractual term and require the grantee to remain employed by us through the end of the contractual term. We use a Monte Carlo simulation to estimate the fair value of the SVCA PSUs on the grant date and recognize expense ratably over the service period. If we meet the applicable performance thresholds over the three-year performance period and the grantee remains employed by us through the end of the contractual term, the SVCA PSUs will vest at the end of the contractual term. If the share price performance goals applicable to the SVCA PSUs are not achieved prior to expiration, the unvested portion of the awards will be forfeited.

We have begun or expect to begin recognizing expense related to PSUs, TSR PSUs, and SVCA PSUs as follows:

Issue Year	PSU Category	Outstanding Units at October 28, 2023	Actual Grant Date	Expected Valuation (Grant) Date	Actual or Expected Expense Period
2021	PSU	103,381	August 2023		Fiscal 2023
2022	TSR PSU	48,296	Fiscal 2022		Fiscal 2022 - 2024
2022	PSU	193,224		March 2024	Fiscal 2024
2023	PSU ("FY23 Tranche")	152,468	August 2023		Fiscal 2023 - 2025
2023	PSU ("FY24 Tranche")	152,468		March 2024	Fiscal 2024 - 2025
2023	PSU ("FY25 Tranche")	152,468		March 2025	Fiscal 2025
2023	TSR PSU	114,346	March 2023		Fiscal 2023 - 2025
2023	SVCA PSU	543,189	March 2023		Fiscal 2023 - 2025
Total		1,459,840			

We recognized \$0.3 million and \$0.3 million of share-based compensation expense related to SVCA PSUs and TSR PSUs in the third quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2022, respectively, and \$1.1 million and \$0.7 million of share-based compensation expense related to SVCA PSUs and TSR PSUs in the year-to-date 2023 and the year-to-date 2022, respectively.

At October 28, 2023, we estimate our financial performance will fall below the threshold performance objectives established for the 2021 PSUs. At October 28, 2023, we estimate our financial performance will exceed the threshold performance objectives established for the FY23 Tranche of the 2023 PSUs. As of October 28, 2023, financial performance objectives for the third and final year have not been set for the 2022 PSUs, and financial performance objectives have not been set for the FY24 Tranche of the 2023 PSUs or the FY25 Tranche of the 2023 PSUs. As a result, only the 2021 PSUs and FY23 Tranche of the 2023 PSUs were deemed outstanding at October 28, 2023. In the year-to-date 2023, we did not recognize share-based compensation expense related to the 2021 PSUs and recognized an immaterial amount of share-based compensation expense related to the FY23 Tranche of the 2023 PSUs.

The following table summarizes the activity related to PSUs, TSR PSUs, and SVCA PSUs for the year-to-date 2023:

	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value Per Share
Outstanding TSR PSUs and SVCA PSUs at January 28, 2023	60,924	\$ 55.76
Granted	712,293	\$ 4.82
Vested	—	\$ —
Forfeited	(5,750)	\$ 24.36
Outstanding TSR PSUs and SVCA PSUs at April 29, 2023	767,467	\$ 8.90
Granted	12,733	\$ 4.28
Vested	—	\$ —
Forfeited	(52,144)	\$ 8.50
Outstanding TSR PSUs and SVCA PSUs at July 29, 2023	728,056	\$ 8.66
Granted	286,639	\$ 7.32
Vested	—	\$ —
Forfeited	(53,015)	\$ 9.02
Outstanding PSUs, TSR PSUs and SVCA PSUs at October 28, 2023	961,680	\$ 8.24

The following activity occurred under our share-based plans during the respective periods shown:

	Third Quarter		Year-to-Date	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
<i>(In thousands)</i>				
Total fair value of restricted stock vested	\$ 234	\$ 418	\$ 4,102	\$ 14,339
Total fair value of performance shares vested	\$ —	\$ 125	\$ —	\$ 13,877

The total unearned compensation expense related to all share-based awards outstanding, excluding PSUs issued in 2022, the FY24 Tranche of the 2023 PSUs, and the FY25 Tranche of the 2023 PSUs, at October 28, 2023, was approximately \$24.8 million. We expect to recognize this compensation cost through October 2026 based on existing vesting terms with the weighted-average remaining expense recognition period being approximately 2.0 years from October 28, 2023.

NOTE 6 – INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes was based on a current estimate of the annual effective tax rate, adjusted to reflect the effect of discrete items.

For the year-to-date 2023, the Company determined it could estimate the effective income tax rate with sufficient precision.

We have estimated the reasonably possible expected net change in unrecognized tax benefits through November 2, 2024, based on (1) expected cash and noncash settlements or payments of uncertain tax positions, and (2) lapses of the applicable statutes of limitations for unrecognized tax benefits. The estimated net decrease in unrecognized tax benefits for the next 12 months is approximately \$2.0 million. Actual results may differ materially from this estimate.

We record income tax expense, income tax receivable, and deferred tax assets and related liabilities based on our best estimates. Additionally, we assess the likelihood of realizing the benefits of our deferred tax assets. Our ability to recover these deferred tax assets depends on several factors, including our ability to project future taxable income. In evaluating future taxable income, significant weight is given to positive and negative evidence that is objectively verifiable. As of October 28, 2023, the Company remains in a historical three-year cumulative loss position, which is significant objective negative evidence in considering whether deferred tax assets are realizable. Such objective evidence limits the ability to consider other subjective evidence, such as the projection of future taxable income. As a result, as of October 28, 2023 a valuation allowance has been recognized as a reserve on the total deferred tax asset balance due to the uncertainty of realization of our loss carry forwards and other deferred tax assets. Our change in valuation allowances recorded on deferred taxes were \$(2.0) million and \$0.0 million in the third quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2022, respectively, and \$145.8 million and \$0.0 million in the year-to-date 2023 and year-to-date 2022, respectively.

NOTE 7 – CONTINGENCIES

California Wage and Hour Matters

We have defended several wage and hour matters in California. The cases were brought by various current and/or former California associates alleging various violations of California wage and hour laws. At October 28, 2023, our remaining accrual for California wage and hour matters was \$0.9 million.

Other Legal Proceedings

We are involved in legal actions and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. We currently believe that each such action and claim will be resolved without a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity. However, litigation involves an element of uncertainty. Future developments could cause these actions or claims to have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations, and liquidity.

NOTE 8 – BUSINESS SEGMENT DATA

We use the following seven merchandise categories, which are consistent with our internal management and reporting of merchandise net sales: Food; Consumables; Soft Home; Hard Home; Furniture; Seasonal; and Apparel, Electronics, & Other. The Food category includes our beverage & grocery; specialty foods; and pet departments. The Consumables category includes our health, beauty and cosmetics; plastics; paper; and chemical departments. The Soft Home category includes our home organization; fashion bedding; utility bedding; bath; window; decorative textile; and area rugs departments. The Hard Home category includes our small appliances; table top; food preparation; home maintenance; and toys departments. The Furniture category includes our upholstery; mattress; ready-to-assemble; case goods; and home décor departments. The Seasonal category includes our lawn & garden; summer; Christmas; and other holiday departments. The Apparel, Electronics, & Other department includes our apparel; electronics; jewelry; hosiery; and candy & snacks departments, as well as the assortments for The Lot, our cross-category presentation solution, the Queue Line, our streamlined checkout experience, and our “Bargains, Treasures, and Essentials” closeout offerings.

We periodically assess, and make minor adjustments to, our product hierarchy, which can impact the roll-up of our merchandise categories. Our financial reporting process utilizes the most current product hierarchy in reporting net sales by merchandise category for all periods presented. Therefore, there may be minor reclassifications of net sales by merchandise category compared to previously reported amounts.

The following table presents net sales data by merchandise category:

	Third Quarter		Year-to-Date	
(In thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Furniture	\$ 276,333	\$ 335,171	\$ 852,197	\$ 1,081,175
Seasonal	115,454	136,970	536,821	702,440
Food	163,784	187,021	487,776	536,153
Soft Home	151,226	177,285	437,031	510,622
Consumables	140,494	157,628	411,458	466,851
Apparel, Electronics, & Other	109,460	125,927	341,748	364,832
Hard Home	69,926	84,279	222,584	263,143
Net sales	\$ 1,026,677	\$ 1,204,281	\$ 3,289,615	\$ 3,925,216

NOTE 9 – SUPPLIER FINANCE PROGRAM

We facilitate a voluntary supply chain finance (“SCF”) program through a participating financial institution. This SCF program enables our suppliers to sell their receivables due from the Company to a participating financial institution at their discretion. As of October 28, 2023 and January 28, 2023, the SCF program had \$30.0 million and \$55.0 million of revolving capacity, respectively. We are not a party to the agreements between the participating financial institution and the suppliers in connection with the SCF program. The range of payment terms we negotiate with our suppliers is consistent, irrespective of whether a supplier participates in the SCF program. No guarantees are provided by the Company or any of our subsidiaries under the SCF program.

The amounts payable to the participating financial institution for suppliers who voluntarily participate in the SCF program are included within the accounts payable on our consolidated balance sheets. Amounts under the SCF program included within accounts payable were \$4.7 million and \$35.4 million as of October 28, 2023 and January 28, 2023, respectively. Payments made under the SCF program to the financial institution, like payments of other accounts payable, are a reduction to our operating cash flow.

NOTE 10 – GAIN ON SALE OF REAL ESTATE

In the third quarter of 2023, we simultaneously terminated the Synthetic Lease for our Apple Valley, CA distribution center (“AVDC”), took title to the AVDC property, and completed sale and leaseback transactions for the AVDC and 23 owned store locations (“Sale and leaseback Stores”). The aggregate sale price for the transactions was \$305.7 million. The transactions, which were completed with the same buyer-lessor of our four other regional distribution centers, also included a five-year extension of the lease for our Columbus, OH distribution center (“CODC”). The Company allocated \$9.4 million of the cash consideration received to the extension of the lease for CODC and recorded the consideration as a lease incentive. Due to sale-leaseback accounting requirements, the remaining cash received was compared, on an individual property basis, to the fair market value of the properties. As a result, the cash received in the transactions was allocated between proceeds on the sale of AVDC, the Sale and leaseback Stores, prepaid rent, and financing proceeds. The aggregate net proceeds, before taxes, on the sales of AVDC and the Sale and leaseback Stores were \$332.1 million. The aggregate net proceeds include \$36.5 million in net proceeds in excess of the aggregate sale price due to properties sold below market, which resulted in a corresponding increase in prepaid rent. The prepaid rent was recorded in the operating lease right-of-use assets in our consolidated balance sheets. The aggregate net proceeds exclude \$0.6 million received in the aggregate sale price due to properties sold above market value, which was recorded as a financing liability. The noncurrent portion of the financing liability was recorded in other liabilities in our consolidated balance sheets. Interest expense will be recognized on the financing liability using the effective interest method and the financing liability will be accreted over the duration of the lease agreements. Future payments to the buyer-lessor will be allocated between the financing liability and the lease liabilities. Straight-line rent expense will be recognized over the duration of the lease agreements. Additionally, we incurred \$4.2 million of additional selling and administrative expenses in connection with the transaction, which primarily consisted of commissions and consulting services.

The leases will have an initial term of 20 years and multiple extension options. At commencement of the leases, we recorded aggregate operating lease liabilities of \$224.2 million and aggregate operating lease right-of-use assets of \$260.6 million, the latter of which included the aforementioned prepaid rent of \$36.5 million. The weighted average discount rate for the leases was 10.6%. The aggregate gross cash consideration received in these transactions was used to pay transaction expenses, fully pay off the 2023 Synthetic Lease for approximately \$101 million, and repay borrowings under the 2022 Credit Agreement. Additionally, the purchase and sale agreement restricts us from drawing on the 2022 Credit Agreement for any purpose other than working capital, general corporate, operational requirements or capital expenditures for 180 days following the closing of the transactions unless our availability under the 2022 Credit Agreement exceeds \$500 million as of the end of a quarterly reporting period.

Our aggregate initial annual cash payments to the buyer-lessor for AVDC and the Sale and leaseback Stores are approximately \$24 million and the payments will escalate two percent annually. Aggregate annual straight-line rent expense for the 24 leases is approximately \$31 million and annual straight-line rent expense over the remainder of the CODC lease will increase by approximately \$2 million. Aggregate initial annual interest expense on the financing liability is immaterial.

As of the end of the third quarter of 2023, the sale and leaseback transactions described above are complete, and any incomplete property sales that were initially considered in the purchase and sale agreement have been terminated.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS FOR PURPOSES OF THE SAFE HARBOR PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (“Act”) provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements to encourage companies to provide prospective information, so long as those statements are identified as forward-looking and are accompanied by meaningful cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the statements. We wish to take advantage of the “safe harbor” provisions of the Act.

Certain statements in this report are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Act, and such statements are intended to qualify for the protection of the safe harbor provided by the Act. The words “anticipate,” “estimate,” “approximate,” “expect,” “objective,” “goal,” “project,” “intend,” “plan,” “believe,” “will,” “should,” “may,” “target,” “forecast,” “guidance,” “outlook,” and similar expressions generally identify forward-looking statements. Similarly, descriptions of our objectives, strategies, plans, goals or targets are also forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements relate to the expectations of management as to future occurrences and trends, including statements expressing optimism or pessimism about future operating results or events and projected sales, earnings, capital expenditures and business strategy. Forward-looking statements are based on a number of assumptions concerning future conditions that may ultimately prove to be inaccurate. Forward-looking statements are and will be based upon management’s then-current views and assumptions regarding future events and operating performance, and apply only as of the dates of such statements. Although we believe the expectations expressed in forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions within the bounds of our knowledge, forward-looking statements, by their nature, involve risks, uncertainties and other factors, any one or a combination of which could materially affect our business, financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

Forward-looking statements that we make herein and in other reports and releases are not guarantees of future performance and actual results may differ materially from those discussed in such forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including, but not limited to, the current economic and credit conditions, inflation, the cost of goods, our inability to successfully execute strategic initiatives, competitive pressures, economic pressures on our customers and us, the availability of brand name closeout merchandise, trade restrictions, freight costs, the risks discussed in the Risk Factors section of our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, and other factors discussed from time to time in our other filings with the SEC, including Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K. This report should be read in conjunction with such filings, and you should consider all of these risks, uncertainties and other factors carefully in evaluating forward-looking statements.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they are made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Readers are advised, however, to consult any further disclosures we make on related subjects in our public announcements and SEC filings.

OVERVIEW

The discussion and analysis presented below should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes. Each term defined in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements has the same meaning in this item and the balance of this report.

The following are the results from the third quarter of 2023 that we believe are key indicators of our operating performance when compared to our operating performance from the third quarter of 2022:

- Net sales decreased \$177.6 million, or 14.7%.
- Comparable sales for stores open at least fifteen months, plus our e-commerce net sales, decreased \$150.0 million, or 13.2%.
- Gross margin dollars decreased \$35.6 million, while gross margin rate increased 240 basis points to 36.4% of net sales.
- Selling and administrative expenses increased \$22.7 million to \$525.7 million. As a percentage of net sales, selling and administrative expenses increased 940 basis points to 51.2% of net sales.
- Included within our selling and administrative expenses were contract termination costs and other related expenses associated with closure of our forward distribution centers (“FDCs”) of \$2.8 million.
- Also included within our selling and administrative expenses were professional fees related to cost reduction and productivity initiatives of \$14.4 million.
- The Company completed a sale and leaseback transaction on its Apple Valley, CA distribution center (“AVDC”) and 23 stores in the third quarter of 2023, resulting in a gain on sale of real estate and related expenses of \$204.7 million.
- Operating income rate was 1.9% compared to an operating loss rate of (10.9)% in the third quarter of 2022.
- Diluted earnings (loss) per share increased to \$0.16 per share in the third quarter of 2023 from diluted loss per share of \$(3.56) in the third quarter of 2022.
- Inventory decreased by 12.5%, or \$167.9 million, from \$1,345.3 million at the end of the third quarter of 2022 to \$1,177.3 million at the end of the third quarter of 2023. This decrease is primarily due to a 7% decrease in units on hand and a 4% decrease in average unit cost of on hand inventory. Additionally, a 26% decrease in in-transit inventory contributed significantly to the overall decrease in inventory.
- The sale and leaseback transactions completed in the third quarter of 2023 generated approximately \$201 million of net cash proceeds after payment of fees, commissions, and the payoff of the synthetic lease on the AVDC property.
- The Company did not declare, or pay, a quarterly cash dividend in the third quarter of 2023; compared to the quarterly cash dividend of \$0.30 per common share paid in the third quarter of 2022.

See the discussion and analysis below for additional details regarding our operating results.

STORES

The following table presents stores opened and closed during the year-to-date 2023 and the year-to-date 2022:

	2023	2022
Stores open at the beginning of the fiscal year	1,425	1,431
Stores opened during the period	12	38
Stores closed during the period	(9)	(12)
Stores open at the end of the period	1,428	1,457

We expect our store count at the end of 2023 to decrease by up to 35 stores compared to our store count at the end of 2022.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table compares components of our consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) as a percentage of net sales at the end of each period:

	Third Quarter		Year-to-Date	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net sales	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Cost of sales (exclusive of depreciation expense shown separately below)	63.6	66.0	65.3	65.5
Gross margin	36.4	34.0	34.7	34.5
Selling and administrative expenses	51.2	41.8	48.8	38.1
Depreciation expense	3.2	3.1	3.4	2.8
Gain on sale of real estate	(19.9)	0.0	(6.4)	(0.0)
Operating profit (loss)	1.9	(10.9)	(11.1)	(6.5)
Interest expense	(1.3)	(0.5)	(1.0)	(0.3)
Other income (expense)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Income (loss) before income taxes	0.6	(11.4)	(12.1)	(6.8)
Income tax expense (benefit)	0.1	(2.8)	1.6	(1.7)
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	0.5 %	(8.6)%	(13.7)%	(5.1)%

THIRD QUARTER OF 2023 COMPARED TO THIRD QUARTER OF 2022

Net Sales

Net sales by merchandise category (in dollars and as a percentage of total net sales), net sales change (in dollars and percentage), and comparable sales (“comp” or “comps”) in the third quarter of 2023 compared to the third quarter of 2022 were as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Third Quarter							
	2023		2022		Change		Comps	
Furniture	\$	276,333	26.9 %	\$	335,171	27.8 %	\$	(58,838) (17.6)% (17.1)%
Food		163,784	16.0		187,021	15.5		(23,237) (12.4) (9.6)
Soft Home		151,226	14.7		177,285	14.7		(26,059) (14.7) (13.5)
Consumables		140,494	13.7		157,628	13.1		(17,134) (10.9) (6.7)
Seasonal		115,454	11.2		136,970	11.4		(21,516) (15.7) (15.0)
Apparel, Electronics, & Other		109,460	10.7		125,927	10.5		(16,467) (13.1) (12.7)
Hard Home		69,926	6.8		84,279	7.0		(14,353) (17.0) (15.1)
Net sales	\$	1,026,677	100.0 %	\$	1,204,281	100.0 %	\$	(177,604) (14.7)% (13.2)%

We periodically assess, and make minor adjustments to, our product hierarchy, which can impact the roll-up of our merchandise categories. Our financial reporting process utilizes the most current product hierarchy in reporting net sales by merchandise category for all periods presented. Therefore, there may be minor reclassifications of net sales by merchandise category compared to previously reported amounts.

Net sales decreased \$177.6 million, or 14.7%, to \$1,026.7 million in the third quarter of 2023, compared to \$1,204.3 million in the third quarter of 2022. The decrease in net sales was primarily driven by a 13.2% decrease in our comps, which decreased net sales by \$150.0 million, and a 1.5% decrease in our non-comparable sales, which decreased net sales by \$27.6 million. The decrease in non-comparable sales was driven by the net decrease of 29 stores since the third quarter of 2022. Our comps are calculated based on the results of all stores that were open at least fifteen months plus our e-commerce net sales.

In the third quarter of 2023, we experienced decreased comps and net sales in all of our merchandise categories. Our home products categories, which include Furniture, Seasonal, Soft Home, and Hard Home, were negatively impacted by macro economic pressures affecting our customers’ discretionary spending in the third quarter of 2023. Our Furniture and Seasonal

categories were particularly impacted by a decrease in demand for large-ticket products as customers remain cautious with discretionary spending.

Our Seasonal category experienced decreased sales and net comps largely driven by our lawn & garden and summer departments, as performance in those departments relies on sales of large-ticket items. Additionally, our lawn & garden and summer departments experienced aggressive category-specific promotional activity in the third quarter of 2022 in order to reduce excess inventory within these departments, which we did not repeat in the third quarter of 2023 as our inventory within these departments was aligned with third quarter expectations. In the third quarter of 2023, we moved to a whole-house promotional strategy and away from the category-specific activity used in the third quarter of 2022. Our Furniture category experienced decreased sales and comps primarily driven by sofas and mattresses as a result of decreased demand for large ticket items. In the third quarter of 2023, our in-stock levels of Broyhill® branded products returned to normal levels after the shutdown of our largest Broyhill® furniture supplier, United Furniture, Inc., in November 2022.

Our Food and Consumables categories experienced decreases in comps and net sales in the third quarter of 2023. These categories performed slightly better than our home products categories as they are less sensitive to changes in discretionary spending.

Our Apparel, Electronics, & Other category experienced decreases in comps and net sales in the third quarter of 2023. These categories performed slightly better than our home product categories but were negatively impacted by similar macro trends impacting discretionary spending. However, general declines were partially offset by improved closeout offerings in the third quarter of 2023 compared to the third quarter of 2022.

Gross Margin

Gross margin dollars decreased \$35.6 million, or 8.7%, to \$373.8 million for the third quarter of 2023, compared to \$409.5 million for the third quarter of 2022. The decrease in gross margin dollars was due to a decrease in net sales, which decreased gross margin dollars by \$60.3 million, partially offset by an increase in gross margin rate, which increased gross margin dollars by \$24.7 million. Gross margin as a percentage of net sales increased 240 basis points to 36.4% in the third quarter of 2023 compared to 34.0% in the third quarter of 2022. The gross margin rate increase was primarily due to a lower markdown rate and lower inbound freight costs. The lower markdown rate was a result of improved sell-through on lawn & garden and summer Seasonal merchandise in the third quarter of 2023 compared to the third quarter of 2022, which resulted in decreased promotional markdowns. Additionally, we adjusted our promotional approach from more frequent, targeted events to less frequent whole-store promotions, which have proven to be a more effective use of our markdowns. Inbound freight costs continue to decline due to lower ocean carriage rates, lower fuel costs, and decreased inbound volume versus the third quarter of 2022.

Selling and Administrative Expenses

Selling and administrative expenses were \$525.7 million for the third quarter of 2023, compared to \$503.0 million for the third quarter of 2022. The increase of \$22.7 million in selling and administrative expenses was primarily driven by an increase in store asset impairment charges (see [Note 1 - Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies](#) to the accompanying consolidated financial statements) of \$32.3 million compared to the third quarter of 2022 and an increase in professional fees related to cost reduction and productivity initiatives of \$14.4 million, partially offset by decreases in distribution and transportation costs of \$8.1 million, credit card and bank fees of \$3.3 million, store payroll expense of \$3.2 million, advertising expenses of \$3.0 million, and store occupancy expense of \$2.7 million. The decrease in distribution and transportation expenses was largely driven by the cessation of our FDC operations resulting in the absence of FDC operational costs as well as other supply chain cost-saving initiatives in the third quarter of 2023. The decrease in credit card and bank fees was driven by the decreased sales volume compared to the third quarter of 2022. The decrease in store payroll costs were primarily driven by a lower store count compared to the third quarter of 2022 and an overall reduction in store headcount and payroll hours. The decrease in advertising expenses was primarily driven by decreased spend on payment card-linked marketing and in-store signage. The decrease in store occupancy expense was primarily the result of a lower year-over-year store count and operating lease right-of-use asset impairments recorded in the trailing twelve months, which decreased amortization expense on operating lease right-of-use assets, partially offset by increased lease expense associated with lease renewals and the sale and leaseback transactions completed in the third quarter of 2023.

As a percentage of net sales, selling and administrative expenses increased 940 basis points to 51.2% for the third quarter of 2023 compared to 41.8% for the third quarter of 2022.

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense decreased \$4.2 million to \$33.1 million in the third quarter of 2023, compared to \$37.3 million in the third quarter of 2022. The decrease in depreciation expense was driven by the absence of FDC related depreciation, asset impairment charges recorded in the last twelve months, decreased capital expenditures in the trailing twelve months, and the absence of depreciation for stores sold in the last twelve months.

Depreciation expense as a percentage of sales increased 10 basis points compared to the third quarter of 2022.

Gain on Sale of Real Estate

The gain on sale of real estate in the third quarter of 2023 was \$204.7 million, which was attributable to the completion of sale and leaseback transactions for 23 of our previously owned store locations as well as the AVDC property (see [Note 10](#) - *Gain on Sale of Real Estate* to the accompanying consolidated financial statements). There was no gain on sale of real estate recorded in the third quarter of 2022.

Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$13.6 million in the third quarter of 2023, compared to \$6.3 million in the third quarter of 2022. The increase in interest expense was primarily driven by higher total average borrowings (including finance leases and the sale and leaseback financing liability) and an increase in our weighted average interest rate. We had total average borrowings of \$605.8 million in the third quarter of 2023 compared to total average borrowings of \$479.8 million in the third quarter of 2022. The increase in total average borrowings was driven by borrowings under our credit facilities in the third quarter of 2023 compared to the third quarter of 2022. The increase in our weighted average interest rate throughout the third quarter of 2023 compared to the third quarter of 2022 was primarily due to a year-over-year increase in Term SOFR, which is the basis for interest accrued on borrowings under the 2022 Credit Agreement.

Other Income (Expense)

Other income (expense) was \$0.0 million in the third quarter of 2023, compared to \$0.1 million in the third quarter of 2022. The change was driven by the absence of diesel fuel derivatives in the third quarter of 2023 compared to the gains on our diesel fuel derivatives in third quarter of 2022.

Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate for the third quarter of 2023 and the third quarter of 2022 was 22.1% and 24.8%, respectively. The change in the effective income tax rate was driven by a full valuation allowance recorded against our deferred tax assets, partially offset by the effect of carry back employment related tax credits and state net operating losses to prior fiscal periods.

YEAR-TO-DATE 2023 COMPARED TO YEAR-TO-DATE 2022

Net Sales

Net sales by merchandise category (in dollars and as a percentage of total net sales) in the year-to-date 2023 and the year-to-date 2022, and the change in net sales (in dollars and percentage) and the change in comps (in percentage) from the year-to-date 2023 compared to the year-to-date 2022 were as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Year-to-Date							
	2023			2022			Change	Comps
Furniture	\$	852,197	25.9 %	\$	1,081,175	27.5%	\$ (228,978) (21.2)%	(21.5)%
Seasonal		536,821	16.3		702,440	17.9	(165,619) (23.6)	(23.5)
Food		487,776	14.8		536,153	13.7	(48,377) (9.0)	(6.6)
Soft Home		437,031	13.3		510,622	13.0	(73,591) (14.4)	(13.8)
Consumables		411,458	12.5		466,851	11.9	(55,393) (11.9)	(8.3)
Apparel, Electronics, & Other		341,748	10.4		364,832	9.3	(23,084) (6.3)	(6.5)
Hard Home		222,584	6.8		263,143	6.7	(40,559) (15.4)	(14.0)
Net sales	\$	3,289,615	100.0 %	\$	3,925,216	100.0 %	\$ (635,601) (16.2)%	(15.5)%

Net sales decreased \$635.6 million, or 16.2%, to \$3,289.6 million in the year-to-date 2023, compared to \$3,925.2 million in the year-to-date 2022. The decrease in net sales was driven by a decrease of 15.5% in our comps, which decreased net sales by \$575.8 million, and a 0.7% decrease in our non-comparable store sales, which decreased net sales by \$59.8 million, driven by the net decrease of 29 stores compared to the year-to-date 2022. Our decreased comps and net sales in the year-to-date 2023

were primarily due to decreased demand in the year-to-date 2023. The decrease in demand was significantly impacted by macro economic pressures on our customers, which has negatively impacted the discretionary spending of our customers, particularly with respect to large-ticket Furniture and Seasonal products. We believe the macro economic pressures led to the majority of the decrease in comps in the year-to-date 2023 with the remainder of the decrease driven by promotions, weather, the shortage of our Broyhill® branded product, and the other factors noted below.

In the year-to-date 2023, we experienced decreased comps and net sales in all of our merchandise categories. Our home products categories - Furniture, Seasonal, Soft Home, and Hard Home - were most impacted, as purchases from these categories are generally more discretionary. In the year-to-date 2023, the shortage of our Broyhill® branded product negatively impacted comps and sales for our home product categories, particularly Furniture. In November 2022, our largest Broyhill® furniture supplier, United Furniture, Inc., abruptly closed without prior notice to us, which resulted in an immediate shortage in Broyhill® inventory available for us to purchase. To mitigate the shortage while we sought new suppliers for Broyhill® furniture, we purchased replacement product from other suppliers, which has not performed as well as our Broyhill® branded product performed in 2022. In the third quarter of 2023, our in-stock levels of Broyhill® branded products returned to normal levels and we experienced an improvement in Furniture sales trends versus the first half of the year.

As discussed above, we believe that macro economic pressures significantly reduced our customer's discretionary spending, which led to the decreased net sales and comps in all our home products categories. We believe our Seasonal net sales and comps in the year-to-date 2023, particularly our lawn & garden and summer departments, were adversely impacted by later-arriving warm weather in many parts of the U.S. in the first quarter of 2023. Our Seasonal sales and comps were also significantly impacted by the aggressive category-specific promotional activity in the second and third quarters of 2022, which we did not repeat to the same degree in the second and third quarter of 2023.

While our Food and Consumables categories experienced decreased comps and net sales in the year-to-date 2023, these categories performed relatively better than our home products categories in the year-to-date 2023 as they are less sensitive to changes in discretionary spending.

Our Apparel, Electronics, & Other category experienced a decrease in comps and net sales as a result of the decreased discretionary spending in the year-to-date 2023, as discussed above. We believe that the relatively modest decline in the net sales of our Apparel, Electronics, & Other category compared to the declines experienced in our other merchandise categories was attributable to increased closeout offerings in the year-to-date 2023 compared to the year-to-date 2022. We have continued to implement our “Bargains, Treasures, and Essentials” merchandising strategy, which aims to offer lower entry-level price points with name brand closeout offerings in the year-to-date 2023.

Gross Margin

Gross margin dollars decreased \$210.4 million, or 15.6%, to \$1,142.2 million for the year-to-date 2023, compared to \$1,352.6 million for the year-to-date 2022. The decrease in gross margin dollars was due to a decrease in net sales, which decreased gross margin by \$219.0 million, partly offset by an increase in gross margin rate, which increased gross margin by \$8.6 million. Gross margin as a percentage of net sales increased 20 basis points to 34.7% in the year-to-date 2023, compared to 34.5% in the year-to-date 2022. The gross margin rate increase was primarily a result of lower inbound freight costs, partially offset by a higher markdown rate. Inbound freight costs declined due to lower ocean carriage rates, lower fuel costs, and decreased inbound volume versus the year-to-date 2022. The higher markdown rate in the year-to-date 2023 was primarily driven by a higher markdown rate in the first quarter of 2023 as we heavily discounted merchandise to drive store traffic and move through slow moving Seasonal and home inventory categories. Our markdown rates in the second and third quarters of 2023 decreased in comparison to the respective quarterly markdown rates in the prior year, but those decreases did not offset the significant increase in the first quarter of 2023 compared to the first quarter of 2022.

Selling and Administrative Expenses

Selling and administrative expenses were \$1,606.7 million for the year-to-date 2023, compared to \$1,495.8 million for the year-to-date 2022. The increase of \$110.9 million in selling and administrative expenses was driven by the increase in store asset impairment charges (see [Note 1](#) - *Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* to the accompanying consolidated financial statements) of \$91.0 million, a lease payment related to the exit from our Prior Synthetic Lease of \$53.6 million, an increase in professional fees related to cost reduction and productivity initiatives of \$19.9 million, and termination costs and related expenses related to the exit from our FDCs of \$13.4 million, partially offset by decreases in store payroll of \$21.3 million, store occupancy costs of \$9.9 million, other distribution and transportation costs of \$8.7 million, and credit card and bank fees of \$6.8 million. The decrease in store payroll and store occupancy costs were driven by a lower store count compared to the year-to-date 2022. The decrease in store payroll was also driven by an overall reduction in store headcount and payroll hours. The decrease in store occupancy expense was primarily the result of a lower year-over-year store count and operating lease right-of-use asset impairments recorded in the trailing twelve months, which decreased amortization expense on

operating lease right-of-use assets, partially offset by increased lease expense associated with lease renewals and the sale and leaseback transactions completed in the year-to-date of 2023. The decrease in credit card and bank fees was driven by the decreased sales volume compared to the year-to-date 2022. The decrease in distribution and transportation costs, excluding expenses related to the exit from our FDCs and the payment related to the exit from our Prior Synthetic Lease, was driven primarily by decreased fuel costs and outbound transportation rates compared to the year-to-date 2022.

As a percentage of net sales, selling and administrative expenses increased 1,070 basis points to 48.8% for the year-to-date 2023 compared to 38.1% for the year-to-date 2022.

Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense decreased \$0.8 million to \$111.0 million in the year-to-date 2023, compared to \$111.8 million for the year-to-date 2022. The decrease was driven by asset impairment charges taken in the last twelve months and decreased capital expenditures in the last twelve months, partially offset by accelerated depreciation expense of \$8.0 million related to the cessation of our FDC operations.

As a percentage of sales, depreciation expense increased by 60 basis points in the year-to-date 2023 compared to the year-to-date 2022.

Gain on Sale of Real Estate

Gain on sale of real estate increased \$210.3 million to \$211.9 million in the year-to-date 2023 compared to \$1.6 million in the year-to-date 2022. The gain on sale of real estate in the year-to-date 2023 was related to the completion of sale and leaseback transactions for 23 of our previously owned store locations as well as AVDC (see [Note 10](#) - *Gain on Sale of Real Estate* to the accompanying consolidated financial statements). The gain on sale of real estate in the year-to-date 2022 was related to the sale of one previously owned store location.

Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$33.9 million in the year-to-date 2023, compared to \$12.9 million in the year-to-date 2022. The increase in interest expense was driven by higher total average borrowings (including finance leases and the sale and leaseback financing liability) and an increase in our weighted average interest rate. We had total average borrowings of \$606.1 million in the year-to-date 2023 compared to \$392.9 million in the year-to-date 2022. The increase in total average borrowings was driven by our borrowings under the 2022 Credit Agreement throughout the year-to-date 2023 compared to the year-to-date 2022. The increase in our weighted average interest rate throughout the year-to-date 2023 compared to the year-to-date 2022 was due to higher borrowing rates under our 2022 Credit Agreement.

Other Income (Expense)

Other income (expense) was \$0.0 million in the year-to-date 2023, compared to \$1.4 million in the year-to-date 2022. The change was driven by the absence of diesel fuel derivatives in the year-to-date 2023 compared to the gains on our diesel fuel derivatives in year-to-date 2022.

Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate for the year-to-date 2023 and the year-to-date 2022 was (13.5%) and 25.2%, respectively. The change in the effective income tax rate was driven by a full valuation allowance of \$145.8 million recorded on our deferred assets, partially offset by the effect of carry back employment related tax credits and state net operating losses to prior fiscal periods.

Known Trends and 2023 Guidance

In fiscal 2023, the U.S. economy has continued to face macro-economic challenges including high inflation, which has adversely impacted the buying power of our customers. We expect inflationary impacts will abate over time but will continue to negatively impact the discretionary spending of our customers, particularly with respect to high ticket products, in the fourth quarter of 2023. In addition, our business has been impacted by a post-COVID shift of consumer spending away from home categories, a shift that we also expect to abate over time. We have incorporated our current best estimate of these impacts into the guidance below.

As of November 30, 2023, we expect the following in the fourth quarter of 2023:

- a comparable sales decrease in the high single digits compared to the fourth quarter of 2022, modest improvement from the third quarter of 2023; and
- gross margin rate to improve to approximately 38%, driven by reduced markdown activity, lower freight costs and cost savings initiatives.

For 2023, we expect capital expenditures of approximately \$75 million.

Capital Resources and Liquidity

On September 21, 2022, we entered into a five-year asset-based revolving credit facility (“2022 Credit Agreement”) in an aggregate committed amount of up to \$900 million (the “Commitments”) that expires on September 21, 2027. In connection with our entry into the 2022 Credit Agreement, we paid bank fees and other expenses in the aggregate amount of \$3.4 million, which are being amortized over the term of the 2022 Credit Agreement.

Revolving loans under the 2022 Credit Agreement are available in an aggregate amount equal to the lesser of (1) the aggregate Commitments and (2) a borrowing base consisting of eligible credit card receivables and eligible inventory (including in-transit inventory), subject to customary exceptions and reserves. Under the 2022 Credit Agreement, we may obtain additional Commitments on no more than five occasions in an aggregate amount of up to \$300 million, subject to agreement by the lenders to increase their respective Commitments and certain other conditions. The 2022 Credit Agreement includes a swing loan sublimit of 10% of the then applicable aggregate Commitments and a \$90 million letter of credit sublimit. Loans made under the 2022 Credit Agreement may be prepaid without penalty. Borrowings under the 2022 Credit Agreement are available for general corporate purposes, working capital and to repay certain of our indebtedness as of closing. Our obligations under the 2022 Credit Agreement are secured by our working capital assets (including inventory, credit card receivables and other accounts receivable, deposit accounts, and cash), subject to customary exceptions. The pricing and certain fees under the 2022 Credit Agreement fluctuate based on our borrowing availability under the 2022 Credit Agreement. The 2022 Credit Agreement allows us to select our interest rate for each borrowing from multiple interest rate options. The interest rate options are generally derived from the prime rate, adjusted daily simply SOFR or one, three or six month adjusted Term SOFR. We also pay an unused commitment fee of 0.20% per annum on the unused Commitments. The 2022 Credit Agreement contains an environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) provision, which may provide favorable pricing and fee adjustments if we meet ESG performance criteria to be established by a future amendment to the 2022 Credit Agreement.

The 2022 Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants (including, where applicable, restrictions on our ability to, among other things, incur additional indebtedness, pay dividends, redeem or repurchase stock, prepay certain indebtedness, make certain loans and investments, dispose of assets, enter into restrictive agreements, engage in transactions with affiliates, modify organizational documents, incur liens and consummate mergers and other fundamental changes) and events of default. In addition, the 2022 Credit Agreement requires us to maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than 1.0 if (1) certain events of default occur and continue or (2) borrowing availability under the 2022 Credit Agreement is less than the greater of (a) 10% of the Maximum Credit Amount (as defined in the 2022 Credit Agreement) or (b) \$67.5 million. A violation of these covenants could result in a default under the 2022 Credit Agreement which could permit the lenders to restrict our ability to further access the 2022 Credit Agreement for loans and letters of credit and require the immediate repayment of any outstanding loans under the 2022 Credit Agreement. At October 28, 2023, we were in compliance with the covenants of the 2022 Credit Agreement.

As of October 28, 2023, we had a Borrowing Base (as defined under the 2022 Credit Agreement) of \$870.5 million under the 2022 Credit Agreement. At October 28, 2023, we had \$533.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the 2022 Credit Agreement and \$38.9 million committed to outstanding letters of credit, leaving \$298.6 million available under the 2022 Credit Agreement, subject to certain borrowing base limitations as further discussed above. At October 28, 2023, we had \$211.5 million available under the 2022 Credit Agreement, net of the borrowing base limitations discussed above.

On March 15, 2023, AVDC, LLC (“Lessee”), a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary the Company, Bankers Commercial Corporation (“Lessor”), the rent assignees parties thereto (“Rent Assignees” and, together with Lessor, “Participants”), MUFG

Bank, Ltd., as collateral agent for the Rent Assignees (in such capacity, “Collateral Agent”), and MUFG Bank, Ltd., as administrative agent for the Participants, entered into a Participation Agreement (the “Participation Agreement”), pursuant to which the Participants funded \$100 million to Wachovia Service Corporation (“Prior Lessor”) to finance Lessor’s purchase of the land and building related to our Apple Valley, CA distribution center (“Leased Property”) from the Prior Lessor.

Also on March 15, 2023, we entered into a Lease Agreement and supplement to the Lease Agreement (collectively, the “Lease” and together with the Participation Agreement and related agreements, the “2023 Synthetic Lease”) pursuant to which the Lessor will lease the Leased Property to Lessee for an initial term of 60 months.

Concurrently with Lessor’s purchase of the Leased Property from Prior Lessor, the participation agreement and lease agreement associated with our former synthetic lease arrangement, in each case entered into on November 30, 2017, and most recently amended on September 21, 2022 (the “Prior Synthetic Lease”), were terminated effective on March 15, 2023. In connection with the termination of the Prior Synthetic Lease, the Company paid a termination fee of approximately \$53.4 million to Prior Lessor using borrowings under the 2022 Credit Agreement. As a result of the termination of the Prior Synthetic Lease, the borrowing base under the 2022 Credit Agreement is no longer subject to a reserve for the outstanding balance under the Prior Synthetic Lease.

On August 25, 2023, the 2023 Synthetic Lease related to AVDC was terminated and paid off for approximately \$101 million in connection with the closing of the sale and leaseback transactions.

The primary source of our liquidity is cash flows from operations and borrowings under our credit facility as necessary. Our net loss and, consequently, our cash used in operations are impacted by net sales volume, seasonal sales patterns, and operating profit margins. Historically, our cash provided by operations typically peaks in the fourth quarter of each fiscal year due to net sales generated during the holiday selling season. Generally, our working capital requirements peak late in our third fiscal quarter or early in our fourth fiscal quarter as we build our inventory levels prior to the holiday selling season. We have historically funded those requirements with cash provided by operations and borrowings under our credit facility. Cash requirements include, among other things, capital expenditures, working capital needs, interest payments, and other contractual commitments. Given our anticipated cash needs, we expect to utilize borrowings under the 2022 Credit Agreement throughout the remainder of 2023 to fund our cash requirements. During the third quarter of 2023, we simultaneously terminated the 2023 Synthetic Lease for the AVDC and completed sale and leaseback transactions for the AVDC and 23 owned store locations (“SLB Stores”). The aggregate sales price received in the sale and leaseback transactions was \$305.7 million, which we used to pay transaction expenses, pay off the 2023 Synthetic Lease as noted above and repay borrowings under the 2022 Credit Agreement. In addition to the liquidity generated by the sale and leaseback transactions, the Company has also engaged external partners to monetize additional assets, primarily consisting of its remaining owned real estate properties, and to identify savings opportunities of up to \$200 million which are expected to be realized within cost of goods sold, advertising expense and other selling and administrative expenses.

Based on historical and expected financial results, including the aforementioned asset monetization and savings initiatives, we believe that we have, or have the ability to obtain adequate resources to fund our cash requirements for the foreseeable future, including ongoing and seasonal working capital requirements, proposed capital expenditures, new projects, and currently maturing obligations.

On December 1, 2021, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$250 million of our common shares under the 2021 Repurchase Authorization. Pursuant to the 2021 Repurchase Authorization, we may repurchase shares in the open market and/or in privately negotiated transactions at our discretion, subject to market conditions, our compliance with the terms of the 2022 Credit Agreement, and other factors. The 2021 Repurchase Authorization has no scheduled termination date. In the third quarter of 2023, we did not purchase any shares under the 2021 Repurchase Authorization. As of October 28, 2023, we had \$159.4 million available for future repurchases under the 2021 Repurchase Authorization.

On May 23, 2023, our Board of Directors suspended the Company’s quarterly cash dividend. The declaration of any future dividends will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, compliance with applicable laws and agreements and any other factors deemed relevant by our Board of Directors.

In the year-to-date 2023, we paid approximately \$9.8 million in dividends compared to \$28.3 million in the year-to-date 2022. The decrease in dividends paid was due to the suspension of the Company’s quarterly cash dividend in the second quarter of 2023, which resulted in one dividend paid in the year-to-date 2023 compared to three dividends paid in the year-to-date 2022.

The following table compares the primary components of our cash flows from the year-to-date 2023 compared to the year-to-date 2022:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	2023	2022	Change
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (399,132)	\$ (279,039)	\$ (120,093)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	294,323	(124,851)	419,174
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 106,673	\$ 412,306	\$ (305,633)

Cash used in operating activities increased \$120.1 million to \$399.1 million in the year-to-date 2023 compared to \$279.0 million in the year-to-date 2022. The increase in cash used in operating activities was primarily due to an increase in net loss after adjusting for non-cash activities such as non-cash valuation allowance on deferred tax assets, non-cash impairment charge, non-cash lease expense, gain on sale of real estate and the decrease in operating lease liabilities related to the refinance of the AVDC synthetic lease in the first quarter of 2023. This increase was partially offset by the combined impact of the change in inventory and accounts payable balances, driven by a year-over-year decrease in inventory purchase volumes.

Cash provided by (used in) investing activities increased by \$419.2 million to \$294.3 million in the year-to-date 2023 compared to \$124.9 million of cash used in investing activities in the year-to-date 2022. The increase was driven by cash proceeds received on sale of real estate, which was primarily due to the sale and leaseback transactions completed in the third quarter of 2023 and a decrease in capital expenditures. The decrease in capital expenditures was primarily due to decreased investments in new stores and other strategic initiatives.

Cash provided by financing activities decreased by \$305.6 million to \$106.7 million in the year-to-date 2023 compared to \$412.3 million in the year-to-date 2022. The decrease was driven by a reduction in net proceeds under the 2022 Credit Agreement, partially offset by a decrease in dividends paid due to the absence of a dividend payment in the second and third quarters of 2023, a decrease in payment for treasury shares acquired, repayment of the sale-leaseback financing liability related to the Apple Valley, CA distribution center, and payment of other financing liabilities. The decrease in payment for treasury shares acquired was due to a decrease in shares withheld for income taxes related to the vesting of share-based awards.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates, judgments, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period, as well as the related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates, judgments, and assumptions, and bases its estimates, judgments, and assumptions on historical experience, current trends, and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates. See [Note 1](#) to our consolidated financial statements included in our 2022 Form 10-K for additional information about our accounting policies.

The estimates, judgments, and assumptions that have a higher degree of inherent uncertainty and require the most significant judgments are outlined in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in our 2022 Form 10-K. Had we used estimates, judgments, and assumptions different from any of those discussed in our 2022 Form 10-K, our financial condition, results of operations, and liquidity for the current period could have been materially different from those presented.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are subject to market risk from exposure to changes in interest rates on borrowings under the 2022 Credit Agreement. We had \$533.0 million of borrowings under the 2022 Credit Agreement at October 28, 2023. An increase of 1% in our variable interest rate on our expected future borrowings could affect our financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity through higher interest expense by approximately \$5.3 million.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have each concluded that such disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

For information regarding certain legal proceedings to which we have been named a party or are subject, see [Note 7](#) to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

During the third quarter of 2023, there were no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in our 2022 Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities, Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

(In thousands, except price per share data)

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	(b) Average Price Paid per Share ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs ⁽²⁾	(d) Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽²⁾
July 30, 2023 - August 26, 2023	1	\$ 9.66	—	159,425
August 27, 2023 - September 23, 2023	15	5.46	—	159,425
September 24, 2023 - October 28, 2023	1	4.39	—	159,425
Total	17	\$ 5.73	—	159,425

- (1) In August, September, and October 2023, in connection with the vesting of certain outstanding RSUs, we acquired 1,329, 14,333, and 1,080 of our common shares, respectively, which were withheld to satisfy minimum statutory income tax withholdings.
- (2) The 2021 Repurchase Authorization is comprised of a December 1, 2021, authorization by our Board of Directors for the repurchase of up to \$250.0 million of our common shares. During the third quarter of 2023, we had no repurchases under the 2021 Repurchase Authorization. At October 28, 2023 the 2021 Repurchase Authorization had \$159.4 million of remaining authorization. The 2021 Repurchase Authorization has no scheduled termination date.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

Insider Trading Arrangements

On September 20, 2023, Jonathan E. Ramsden, our Executive Vice President, Chief Financial and Administrative Officer, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement providing for the sale of up to half of the shares into which Mr. Ramsden may vest on or after February 3, 2024, pursuant to outstanding restricted stock unit and performance share unit awards, net of applicable tax withholding. Pursuant to this arrangement, Mr. Ramsden may sell our common shares beginning on February 5, 2024 and ending on December 31, 2024, if certain price targets are met. We estimate the maximum number of common shares that could be subject to the plan to be less than 13,000 common shares. The trading arrangement is intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c).

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibits marked with an asterisk (*) are filed herewith.

Exhibit No.	Document
10.1	Participation Agreement, dated March 15, 2023, by and among AVDC, LLC, the Lessee, and the Banks named therein (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Form 10-Q dated June 7, 2023).
10.2	Lease Agreement, dated March 15, 2023, by and among AVDC, LLC, the Lessee, and the Banks named therein (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to our Form 10-Q dated June 7, 2023).
10.3	Form of Big Lots 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan Performance Share Units Award Agreement (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to our Form 8-K dated March 16, 2023).
10.4	Form of Big Lots 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan Performance Share Units Award Agreement (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to our Form 8-K dated March 16, 2023).
10.5	Lease Agreement dated August 25, 2023, between BLBO Tenant, LLC and Big AVCA Owner LLC relating to the registrant's distribution center located in Apple Valley, California (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to our Form 8-K dated August 31, 2023).
10.6	Lease Amendment dated August 25, 2023, between Big Lots Stores, LLC and BigCOOH002 LLC relating to the registrant's distribution center located in Columbus, Ohio (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to our Form 8-K dated August 31, 2023).
10.7	Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Property, dated July 30, 2023, by and among Big Lots, Inc. as the Seller and the Buyers named therein. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to our Form 10-Q dated September 6, 2023).
10.8	First Amendment to the Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Property, dated July 31, 2023, by and among Big Lots, Inc. as the Seller and the Buyers named therein. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to our Form 10-Q dated September 6, 2023).
10.9	Second Amendment to the Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Property, dated August 4, 2023, by and among Big Lots, Inc. as the Seller and the Buyers named therein. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to our Form 10-Q dated September 6, 2023).
10.10	Third Amendment to the Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Property, dated August 15, 2023, by and among Big Lots, Inc. as the Seller and the Buyers named therein. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to our Form 10-Q dated September 6, 2023).
10.11*	Fourth Amendment to the Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Property, dated September 22, 2023, by and among Big Lots, Inc. as the Seller and the Buyers named therein.
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.Def*	XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document
101.Pre*	XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase Document
101.Lab*	XBRL Taxonomy Labels Linkbase Document
101.Cal*	XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document
101.Sch	XBRL Taxonomy Schema Linkbase Document
101.Ins	XBRL Taxonomy Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: December 6, 2023

BIG LOTS, INC.

By: /s/ Jonathan E. Ramsden

Jonathan E. Ramsden

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial and Administrative Officer

(Principal Financial Officer, Principal Accounting Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

**FOURTH AMENDMENT TO
AGREEMENT FOR PURCHASE AND SALE OF REAL PROPERTY**

This Fourth Amendment to Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Property (this “**Amendment**”) is made and entered into as of this 22nd day of September, 2023 (the “**Effective Date**”), by and between **BIG Portfolio Owner LLC**, **BIG SATX Owner LLC**, **BIG DETX Owner LLC**, **BIG AVCA Owner LLC**, and **BIG FBTX Owner LLC**, each a Delaware limited liability company (“**Buyer**”), and **Big Lots Stores, LLC**, an Ohio limited liability company (“**BLS SELLER**”), **Big Lots Stores – PNS, LLC**, a California limited liability company (“**PNS SELLER**”), **Big Lots Stores – CSR, LLC**, an Ohio limited liability company (“**Big Lots CSR**”), and **AVDC, LLC**, an Ohio limited liability company (“**AVDC SELLER**”; AVDC Seller, BLS Seller, PNS Seller, and Big Lots CSR, collectively, “**Seller**”).

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, Buyer and Seller are parties to that certain Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Property dated as of June 30, 2023 (the “**Original Purchase Agreement**”), as amended by that certain First Amendment to Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Property dated as of July 31, 2023 (the “**First Amendment**”), as amended by that certain Second Amendment to Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Property dated as of August 4, 2023 (the “**Second Amendment**”), as amended by that certain Third Amendment to Agreement for Purchase and Sale of Real Property dated as of August 15, 2023 (the “**Third Amendment**”) (the Original Purchase Agreement as amended by the First Amendment, the Second Amendment, and the Third Amendment, and as may have been or may be further amended, restated, supplemented, and otherwise modified from time to time, the “**Purchase Agreement**”), wherein Buyer agreed to purchase the Property (as defined in the Purchase Agreement) subject to the terms and conditions therein;

WHEREAS, Buyer and Seller desire to amend the Purchase Agreement as more particularly set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the mutual covenants and conditions contained herein and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

1. **Incorporation and Definitions.** The recitals, schedules, and exhibits of this Amendment are incorporated herein by this reference. Initial capitalized terms used but not defined in this Amendment shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Purchase Agreement.

2. **Amendments.**

(a) The parties hereto acknowledge and agree that Buyer has waived its termination right with respect to that certain Property commonly known as 2100 Southwest 27th Avenue, Miami, Florida (the “**Miami (SW Ave) Property**”). Subject to the terms and conditions of the Purchase Agreement, the Closing Date with respect to the Miami (SW Ave) Property shall occur on October 5, 2023.

(a) The parties hereto acknowledge and agree that certain additional environmental testing (the “**Phase II Follow-Up**”) is required with respect to that certain Property commonly known as 8932 Valley View Street, Buena Park, California (the “**Buena Park Property**”). The parties shall use commercially reasonable efforts to promptly agree on the scope of the Phase II Follow-Up. The parties acknowledge and agree that, as to the Buena Park Property, the Examination Period, together with all of Buyer’s rights and remedies with respect thereto, shall remain ongoing and unexpired until 6:00 p.m. Eastern Time on the date that is five (5) days after Buyer’s receipt of the completed Phase II Follow-Up (the “**Phase II Follow-Up Property Deadline**”). Buyer shall have the right to review such Phase II Follow-Up and partially terminate the Purchase Agreement as to the Buena Park Property if the results of the Phase II Follow-Up are not satisfactory to Buyer, on or before the Phase II Follow-Up Property Deadline, in which event the Purchase Agreement shall be deemed terminated solely with respect to the Buena Park Property, the Purchase Price shall be reduced by the applicable Allocated Purchase Price attributable to the Buena Park Property, the Title Insurer shall immediately return to Buyer the portion of Earnest Money attributable to the Buena Park Property (in proportion of the applicable Allocated Purchase Price) and thereafter the parties shall have no further rights or obligations under the Purchase Agreement with respect to the Buena Park Property except for those that expressly survive termination under the Purchase Agreement. The Closing Date as to the Buena Park Property shall occur on the date that is fifteen (15) days after the Phase II Follow-Up Property Deadline. The Earnest Money attributable to the Buena Park Property (in proportion of the applicable Allocated Purchase Price) shall continue to be held pursuant to the Purchase Agreement pending the Closing as to the Buena Park Property. In the event the Phase II Follow-Up is not completed by the date that is forty-five (45) days after the date hereof, then Buyer and Seller shall each have the right to terminate the Purchase Agreement with respect to the Buena Park Property by written notice to the other, upon which exercise the Purchase Agreement shall be deemed terminated solely with respect to the Buena Park Property, the Purchase Price shall be reduced by the applicable Allocated Purchase Price attributable to the Buena Park Property, the Title Insurer shall immediately return to Buyer the portion of Earnest Money attributable to the Buena Park Property (in proportion of the applicable Allocated Purchase Price) and thereafter the parties shall have no further rights or obligations under the Purchase Agreement with respect to the Buena Park Property except for those that expressly survive termination under the Purchase Agreement.

3. Ratification and Affirmation of Purchase Agreement. Except as expressly provided herein, the Purchase Agreement shall remain unchanged and in full force and effect; provided, that to the extent this Amendment conflicts with the Purchase Agreement, the provisions of this Amendment shall control. From and after the date hereof, the “Purchase Agreement” shall mean and refer to the Purchase Agreement as amended by this Amendment. The terms of the Purchase Agreement, as modified hereby, are ratified and affirmed by the parties hereto.

4. Counterparts; Electronic Signatures. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be an original, but all of such counterparts shall together constitute but one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of this Amendment by electronic means shall be equally as effective as delivery of a manually executed original counterpart of this Amendment.

5. Successors and Assigns. This Amendment shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the successors and permitted assigns of the respective parties hereto.

6. Headings. The headings of the various Sections of this Amendment have been inserted only for convenience and shall not be deemed in any manner to modify or limit any of the provisions of this Amendment or be used in any manner in the interpretation of this Amendment.

7. Entire Agreement; Authorization. This Amendment contains the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter of this Amendment, and supersedes all prior understandings, agreements and representations, if any, with respect to such subject matter. The parties' respective signatories below have been duly authorized to execute and deliver this Amendment.

[Signatures Follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have duly executed this Amendment as of the Effective Date.

SELLER:

Big Lots Stores, LLC, an Ohio limited liability company

By: /s/ Jonathan Ramsden

Jonathan Ramsden, Executive Vice President
and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer

Big Lots Stores – PNS, LLC, a California limited liability
company

By: /s/ Jonathan Ramsden

Jonathan Ramsden, Executive Vice President
and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer

AVDC, LLC, an Ohio limited liability company

By: /s/ Jonathan Ramsden

Jonathan Ramsden, Executive Vice President
and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer

Big Lots Stores – CSR, LLC, an Ohio limited liability
company

By: /s/ Jonathan Ramsden

Jonathan Ramsden, Executive Vice President
and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer

BUYER:

BIG Portfolio Owner LLC,
a Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Michael Reiter
Name: Michael Reiter
Title: Authorized Representative

BIG SATX Owner LLC,
a Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Michael Reiter
Name: Michael Reiter
Title: Authorized Representative

BIG DETX Owner LLC,
a Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Michael Reiter
Name: Michael Reiter
Title: Authorized Representative

BIG FBTX Owner LLC,
a Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Michael Reiter
Name: Michael Reiter
Title: Authorized Representative

BIG AVCA Owner LLC,
a Delaware limited liability company

By: /s/ Michael Reiter
Name: Michael Reiter
Title: Authorized Representative

JOINDER BY BIG LOTS, INC.

Big Lots, Inc., an Ohio corporation and the parent of the Seller, hereby joins in the execution of this Amendment to evidence its agreement to be bound by all of the terms and conditions set forth herein and to guaranty the payment and performance of all of the obligations of Seller hereunder.

BIG LOTS, INC., an Ohio corporation

By:	<u>/s/ Jonathan Ramsden</u>
Name:	<u>Jonathan Ramsden</u>
Title:	<u>EVP, CF&AO</u>

ACKNOWLEDGED AND AGREED TO BY:

TITLE INSURER:

Chicago Title Insurance Company

By: /s/ Rebecca L. Radabaugh
Name: Rebecca L. Radabaugh
Title: Assistant Vice President

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Bruce K. Thorn, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Big Lots, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: December 6, 2023

By: /s/ Bruce K. Thorn

Bruce K. Thorn

President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Jonathan E. Ramsden, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Big Lots, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: December 6, 2023

By: /s/ Jonathan E. Ramsden

Jonathan E. Ramsden

*Executive Vice President, Chief Financial and
Administrative Officer*

(Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

This certification is provided pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and accompanies the quarterly report on Form 10-Q (the “Report”) for the quarter ended October 28, 2023, of Big Lots, Inc. (the “Company”). I, Bruce K. Thorn, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify that:

- (i) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: December 6, 2023

By: /s/ Bruce K. Thorn

Bruce K. Thorn

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

This certification is provided pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and accompanies the quarterly report on Form 10-Q (the “Report”) for the quarter ended October 28, 2023, of Big Lots, Inc. (the “Company”). I, Jonathan E. Ramsden, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial and Administrative Officer of the Company, certify that:

- (i) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: December 6, 2023

By: /s/ Jonathan E. Ramsden

Jonathan E. Ramsden

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial and

Administrative Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)